The Pyongyang Times

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President JOSIP BROZ TITO Pays a Visit to the DPRK

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung exchanges a firm handshake with Comrade Josip Broz Tito before hugging him warmly

Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia and President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, is in our country on an official goodwill visit at the invitation of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Arrival in Pyongyang

Comrade Josip Broz Tito arrived in Pyongyang on August 24 by special plane.

The great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung came out to the airport and warmly greeted Comrade Josip Broz Tito and his party.

That day the streets of Pyongyang, the square and the airport were beautifully decorated in festive mood.

Put up with due respect among thousands of welcomers at the airport were a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, and a portrait of Comrade Josip Broz Tito, the outstanding leader of the Yugoslav people and a close friend of the Korean people, flanked on either side by the slogans: "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live Comrade Josip Broz Tito, the outstanding leader of the Yugoslav people!"

The national flags of Korea and Yugoslavia were fluttering on the flagpoles and big national emblems of the two countries were hung on the facade of the airport building. Big balloons afloat high in the sky over the airport were ribboned with the flags of the two countries and streamers bearing the words "Welcome", "Friendship" and "Solidarity".

Standing in the airport compound were also the slogans reading "Warm welcome to the goodwill envoy of the Yugoslav people!" "Long live the indestructible friendship and unity between the Korean and Yugoslav peoples!" "Let us unite with the peoples of the world who advocate independence!" and "The non-aligned movement is a mighty anti-imperialist revolutionary force of our times!" Seen there were panels symbolizing the friendship between the peoples of the two countries.

The great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung came out to the airport before the arrival of the guests.

At 3:45 p.m. the special plane carrying Comrade Josip Broz Tito touched down at the airport.

Waving the national flags of the two countries and bundles of bouquets and dancing the graceful fan dance the welcoming crowds greeted with a warm heart Comrade Josip Broz Tito who has led the struggle of the Yugoslav people for freedom and liberation and for the building of a new society with his correct guidance and is carrying on his energetic activities for the victory of the common cause of the world progressive people.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly hugged Comrade Josip Broz Tito who deplaned, and exchanged greetings with the Yugoslav guests accompanying him.

Arriving together with Comrade Josip Broz Tito were Stane Dolanc, Secretary of the Executive Committee of the Presidency of the Central Committee of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia; Veljko Milatovic, President of the Presidency of the Socialist Republic of Montenegro; Milos Minic, Vice-President of the Federal Executive Council and Federal Secretary for Foreign Affairs of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia; Aleksandar Grlickov, Secretary of the Executive Committee of the Presidency of the CC of the LCY; Emil Ludviger, Member of the Federal Executive Council and Federal Secretary for Foreign Trade of the SFRY; Tode Vardzlski, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the SFRY to the DPRK; Berislav Badurina, Chief of the Presidential Office of the Republic; Dusan Vujatovic, Deputy Federal Secretary for National Defence; Tihomir Vilovic, Adjutant of the Supreme Commander of the Armed Forces; Mato Andric, Secretary for Internal Affairs of the Bosnia-Hercegovina Socialist Republic; Vladislav Obradovic, Director of the International Department of the LCY Central Committee Presidency; Blazo Mandic, Press Adviser to the President of the Republic; Anton Lah, Director of the Protocol Department of the President of the Republic; Milivoje Maksic, Foreign Policy Adviser to the President of the Republic; Nikola Ban, Secretary for Information of the Executive Council of the Socialist Republic of Croatia; Radmilo Trojanovic, Private Secretary to the President of the Republic; Dusan Gaspari, Department Director of the Federal Secretariat for Foreign Affairs; Ivan Kojic, Chief of the Office of the Federal Secretary for Foreign Affairs; Borislav Milosevic, Deputy Director of the International Department of the LCY Central Committee Presidency; Dragan Popovic, Department Director of the Federal Secretariat for Internal Affairs; Milutin Simic, Deputy Director of the Protocol Department of the President of the Republic; Nebojsa Govedarica, Chief Bodyguard of the President of the Republic; and suite.

Lovely Juvenile Corps members courteously presented bunches of fragrant flowers to the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito. They also gave bunches of flowers to his entourage.

Present at the airport to meet the guests were Comrades Pak Sung Chul, Kim Dong Gyu, O Jin U, Kim Yong Nam, Ho Dam, Chong Jun Gi, Kye Ung Tae and Hwang Jang Yop, Chairmen of Committees and Ministers of the Administration Council, responsible functionaries of working people's organizations, leading personnel of the Party and power organs of Pyongyang city, generals of the Korean People's Army, responsible workers in the fields of science, education, culture, art, public health and the press and Chong Gwang Sun, DPRK Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the SFRY.

Also on hand were SFRY embassy staffs and foreign diplomatic envoys in Pyongyang.

(Continued on Page 3)

At Kim Il Sung Square thousands of artists and people enthusiastically welcome Comrade Josip Broz Tito, singing songs of friendship and solidarity and dancing the parasol and fan dances

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG Guides

Agric. Functionaries' Consultative Meeting and Nat'l Engineering Industry Activists' Meeting

Agric. Functionaries' Consultative Meeting

A consultative meeting of functionaries in the agricultural domain was held for two days, August 17 and 18, under the guidance of the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Attending the meeting were Comrades Kim Il, Pak Sung Chul, Li Jong Ok, O Baek Ryong, Li Gun Mo, Hyon Mu Gwang, Kang Song San, Chong Jun Gi, Kim Hwan and Kye Ung Tae and Chairmen of Committees and Ministers of the Administration Council.

Also present were Chairmen of Provincial People's Committees, Chief Secretaries of Provincial Committees of the Party, First Vice-Chairmen of Economy Committees of Provincial People's Committees, Chairmen of Provincial Rural Economy Committees as well as Chairmen of City and County People's Committees, Chief Secretaries of City and County Committees of the Party and Chairmen of the City and County Cooperative Farm Management Committees in major agricultural districts and leading Party and administrative workers of major factories and enterprises related to agriculture.

The meeting reviewed this year's farming done so far and discussed measures to successfully wind it up and hasten preparations for next year's farming.

At the meeting the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung made an important concluding address.

The meeting heard from Chairmen of Provincial Rural Economy Committees reports on the successes and experiences gained in this year's farming.

The reports noted with satisfaction that true to the teachings of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on attaining the goal of 8.5 million tons of grain this year, the entire Party, the entire army and the entire people rose to overcome the unfavourable weather conditions and as a result, all crops in all areas are now very good. According to reports, the rice and maize crops in all provinces this year are expected to be much greater than last year, the peak year, and soybean, wheat, tobacco and all other crops are richer than in any preceding years.

This signal success attained in agricultural production in our country at a time when many countries are suffering crop failure under the influence of the cold front is attributable entirely to the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his constant care, the reporters stressed in unison.

The great leader defined the agricultural front as one of the major fronts this year and called in person a Plenary Meeting of the Central Committee of the Party and other meetings at which he indicated a clear direction and ways of overcoming the influence of the cold front and effecting a great leap forward in grain production. From the very beginning of the year he made an endless trip to different rural villages for on-the-spot guidance and powerfully called the whole country to action to implement the policy that calls for making a revolution in using underground water so as to prevent drought damages and effectively carry out rice transplantation and weeding in time as demanded by the Juche-based farming method.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung also took measures for thoroughly implementing the policy of industry assisting agriculture to produce and supply in time chemical fertilizers, agricultural chemicals and other farm materials and machines and directed deep care to this work.

In hearty response to the call of the great leader, the agricultural work force and those who were out to help the countryside throughout the country displayed a high degree of revolutionary zeal and infinite dedication and surmounted the adverse weather conditions this year. They nursed with utmost care rice seedlings in the dry-field cold beds and maize seedlings in humus pots earlier than usual and finished transplantation of rice and maize seedlings 10-15 days earlier than the previous years, and meticulously carried out the paddy and non-paddy tending including weeding and kept with good care every plot and every furrow, thus opening up a bright prospect for reaching the 8.5 million ton grain target.

At the consultative meeting the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung gave important teachings which will serve as a programme in successfully concluding this year's farming and making thoroughgoing preparations for attaining a higher goal of grain production next year.

The great leader noted that though this year's crops are unusually rich, there are still much reserves for increasing grain output. And he touched upon reserves in increasing the per-*chongbo* (hectare) yield of such major grains as rice, maize, wheat, barley, soybean, potato and sweet potato and set forth on this basis an immediate target of increased grain production to be attained by every province.

Pointing out that now is an era of mechanization and an era of chemicalization and the whole country assists farming, the great leader said that under such condition it is quite possible to fully exploit the tapped reserves for increased production of grain and put forward concrete tasks for this.

He laid stress on producing and supplying a greater quantity of three essential fertilizers—nitrogenous, phosphatic and potassic—to the countryside in a proportionate way and taught that the production of herbicides and insecticides should also be increased in a big way.

At the meeting the great leader emphasized that the production of tractors and trucks should be increased to accelerate the mechanization of agriculture and opportunely transport agricultural produce in keeping with the growth of grain production.

He instructed that the production of "Chollima" and "Pungnyon" tractors should be stepped up continuously and, at the same time, "Chonjin" and "Chungsong" tractor assembling factories be built everywhere.

Saying that the production of "Chaju" and "Konsol" trucks should be further increased, he pointed out that all the problems arising in the production of heavy-duty trucks should be solved on our own with utmost responsibility.

At the meeting he explained in detail how to increase grain output by doing farming in a scientific and technical way as required by the Juche-based farming method.

The great leader said that this year's successful farming despite unusually cold weather in spring has been made possible as decayed soil was produced on an extensive scale and dry-field cold frame rice seedlings and humus pot maize seedlings were introduced widely.

He emphasized that local Party organizations and agricultural guidance institutions should as an immediate task pay primary attention to grass cutting since the influence of the cold front continues.

The great leader instructed that in order to reap a greater and stable harvest in next year's farming a struggle should be waged to round off irrigation in the remaining 180,000 *chongbo* of non-paddy fields by April next year by continuously and thoroughly implementing the decisions of the 12th and 13th Plenary Meetings of the Fifth Central Committee of the Party.

He pointed out that as the influence of the cold front persists it is important to distribute crops on the principle of right crop on right soil and stressed that from now work should be done well to secure and store seeds.

Having analysed in detail the fertilizers applied in different areas this year he presented the tasks for more thoroughly establishing a scientifically-substantiated system of fertilizer application in next year's farming, and said that three essential fertilizers, nitrogenous, phosphatic and potassic, should be applied on a scientific basis.

He said that since chemical fertilizers are applied much in our country, organic fertilizers should be fully supplied to dry and paddy fields and for this it is important before anything else to produce a large amount of green manure.

The great leader taught that vinyl chloride sheets should be turned out in larger quantities in view of extensive introduction of dry-field cold frame rice seedlings and humus pot maize seedlings.

He said that all the co-op farms should build fertilizer warehouses in each workteam by making use of materials available in the localities and store the accepted chemical fertilizers opportunely in the warehouses.

The great leader taught that as grain output will increase markedly this year thanks to an unprecedentedly rich harvest, much attention should be devoted to grain storage.

The great leader instructed that the production of industrial crops—tobacco, hop, mint, etc,—should be organized well. Having made a deep analysis of the cultivation of tobacco, he advanced the concrete tasks for increasing its output. He also taught that many tobacco drying grounds should be built.

He said that mulberry fields should be tended well to raise cocoons on a large scale and medicinal herbs be cultivated well.

After having acquainted himself with bean cultivation this year, the great leader said that for the increase of bean yield, best varieties should be secured and the work of improving the varieties of bean should be conducted through an all-Party, all-people movement and seed plots be created in every province to obtain a large amount of best varieties.

Stressing that for the increase of agricultural production it is important to strengthen scientific research in the agricultural domain, the great leader said that in particular, research into farm machines should be strengthened to manufacture highly efficient rice harvesting and rice transplanting machines, herbicide sprayers, etc. suitable to our conditions. He said that the Party organizations should conduct work well with agricultural scientists, so that they may briskly carry on research into varieties of seeds, stimulants accelerating the growth of plants and the problems of protecting plants from frost damages and preventing the freezing of flower buds of fruit trees.

The great leader set forth the task of harvesting in time well-done crops and effectively summing up this year's farming.

The teachings given by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung at the consultative meeting serve as a guiding principle brightly indicating the ways to successfully wind up this year's farming which is in an excellent condition despite the influence of the cold front and make a greater success in agricultural production next year and an inspiring banner powerfully rousing our agricultural work force and the entire people to attain a higher goal of grain production.

Nat'l Engineering Industry Activists' Meeting

A national meeting of activists in the domain of the engineering industry was held in Pyongyang for two days, August 19 and 20.

The great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung guided the meeting.

Present at the meeting were Comrades Kim Il, Pak Sung Chul, Li Jong Ok, Yon Hyong Muk, Li Gun Mo, Hyon Mu Gwang, Kang Song San, Kim Hwan, Chong Jun Gi, Hong Si Hak, Kye Ung Tae and Kim Du Yong, and Chairmen of the Committees and Ministers of the Administration Council.

The meeting was also attended by Party, administrative and economic functionaries of national bodies, Chief Secretaries of Provincial Committees of the Party, First Vice-Chairmen of the Economic Committees of the Provincial People's Committees, activists in the domain of the engineering industry, and Party and administrative functionaries of major factories and enterprises in various domains of the national economy and functionaries of scientific research institutions and educational establishments in the domain of the engineering industry.

The meeting summed up the work done in the field of the engineering industry during the period of the Six-Year Plan and discussed the measures for bringing this industry to a new, higher plane during the period of the new long-term plan.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung made an important concluding speech at the meeting.

At the meeting, many comrades including directors and chief engineers of major machine plants took the floor.

The speakers noted with pride that our people's building of our own powerful machine-building industry, the basis for the development of the national economy and progress of technology, in the past period is the greatest success they have achieved in the building of the heavy industry. They unanimously stressed that this proud victory could be won only thanks to the wise leadership of the great leader and his constant care.

To bring about the proud realities of today, the respected and beloved leader personally designated the sites for machine plants during the war. In the postwar days he led our people to surmount grave difficulties and lay the firm foundation of the powerful engineering industry, the nucleus of the independent national industry, in this land. He indicated clear-cut direction and ways and means for the development of the engineering industry in every stage and in every period of socialist construction so that our engineering industry could fully display its might in realizing the historic cause of socialist industrialization.

Especially, during the Six-Year Plan, the great leader lighted the signal-fire of new technical innovation at Huichon, and giving on-the-spot guidance in succession, he made sure that its flames flared up in all parts of the country, thereby making the first breakthrough in scaling the high eminence of the Six-Year Plan.

Not long ago, he again convened a consultative meeting of functionaries in the domain of the engineering industry and, on the basis of the proud success scored in this industry during the Six-Year Plan, he indicated the right pathway of bringing about a fresh, greater big leap forward in the development of our engineering industry in the new perspective plan period.

The speakers pointed out that the meeting of activists opened under the profound care of the great leader would mark an epochal occasion in putting the engineering industry on a higher plane and thus more powerfully propelling the fulfilment of the three major tasks of the technical revolution, securing a solid guarantee for carrying out a new Seven-Year Plan and bringing about a fresh upswing in the socialist economic construction.

At the meeting the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung made a scientific analysis of the present conditions of our engineering industry which is entering a new stage of development, and, on its basis, gave highly important teachings which brightly illumined the orientation and ways to be taken by the engineering industry during the period of a new long-term plan.

Saying that a new Seven-Year Plan would begin from next year, the great leader pointed out that the engineering industry is confronted with an important task in carrying out the grand tasks of a new Seven-Year Plan.

The great leader said that the fulfilment of the vast tasks of a new Seven-Year Plan depends largely, in the final analysis, on how the work is done in the domain of the engineering industry.

The great leader stressed that it is precisely because of this role of the engineering industry that we discuss the problem pertaining to the engineering industry prior to the discussion of a new long-term plan.

The great leader said that before liberation our country had had no engineering industry and it was only after liberation that we started building this industry. He noted that our engineering industry has made a leaping progress thanks to the endeavours of the workers, technicians and scientists in this domain and with the active support of the entire people.

Saying that though the engineering industry of our country is young, it has done a lot of work since liberation, the great leader pointed out that such great development made in a historically short period since liberation is a heroic epic and our pride and our honour and that the might of a powerful engineering industry built by our people further heightens our pride and honour.

The great leader said that our people who had had to start from scratch on ruins not knowing even what the machine tool was like, now produce tens of thousands of machine tools and tens of thousands of trucks and tractors a year and turn out large, medium and small size machine tools.

He said that now we manufacture by ourselves modern machines needed in our country from large and small, various types of trucks including 2.5 ton, 5 ton, 10 ton and 25 ton class trucks, various tractors suitable to the conditions of our arable land including "Chungsong", "Chonjin", "Chollima" and "Pungnyon" to electric locomotives, diesel engines, various kinds of freight cars, various types of large excavators, sinker drills, large, medium and small bulldozers and pointed out that we make various kinds of electric motors, compressors and refrigerators and 100,000 kva large transformers and 3,000 hp ship engines as we want.

The great leader said that we produce machines for serial production as well as large quantities of ordered equipment and that we build blasting furnaces, coking batteries, revolving furnaces, sintering furnaces, electric hearths, rolling machines, generating equipment and produce and supply by ourselves machines needed for building-materials, construction, light and fishing industries and agriculture.

The great leader said that we cannot but be proud of this powerful foundation of the independent national economy laid in the domain of the engineering industry. He stressed that as we have built this firm engineering industry, we are confident that we can do anything in the future if we want to.

He emphasized that the new Seven-Year Plan has a very huge task, which should be carried out in our Party's traditional revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and set forth concrete tasks to be fulfilled by the engineering industry during this plan period.

Pointing out that to successfully carry out the new Seven-Year Plan a lot of work should be done in the domain of the engineering industry, he stressed that much effort should be directed, above all, to the production of machine tools.

The great leader said that measures should be taken, first of all, to increase the production of large machine tools.

The great leader noted that medium and small machine tools should be produced in larger quantities and the production of automated special machine tools be actively increased to fully meet the demand for various machine tools in different domains, such as mining, metal, building materials and light industries, agriculture, fisheries, construction, transport and public health.

Referring to the problem of tractor production, the great leader, first of all, put before the Kumsong Tractor Plant the task of producing tens of thousands of tractors a year and taught that "Chonjin" tractors should be produced continuously because our country has many patches of non-paddy fields, many vegetable fields and 300,000 *chongbo* (hectares) of orchards.

At the meeting the great leader laid main stress on increasing the production of automobiles.

He said that what is needed most now is the "Konsol" trucks and put forth the annual production goals for the new Seven-Year Plan. He noted that it is advisable to produce "Taebaeksan" and "Chaju" trucks as envisaged.

The great leader said that the policy of introducing large, modern and high-speed equipment in the mining industry should be thoroughly implemented without interruption and pointed out that to this end the engineering industry should produce good-quality mining equipment in larger quantities.

Saying that we have today built a firm foundation of the engineering industry to ease the strain on transport, the great leader taught that larger quantities of electric locomotives and other equipment needed for railway electrification, diesel engines, heavy freight cars, oil tankers and various other special freight cars should be manufactured and sent to the transport front.

He also stressed that the ship-building industry should be continuously developed to make more fishing boats and more large cargoes of 20,000 ton class, 50,000 ton class and 100,000 ton class be built to conduct trade with foreign countries in a more brisk way and the production of large equipment and welding equipment needed for the ship-building be increased actively.

The great leader taught that the engineering industry should well take into consideration the problem of expanding shipyards and building many big ships.

He said that the new Seven-Year Plan envisages the construction of many power plants, metal plants, cement factories and chemical plants and stressed that the ordered equipment necessary for their building should be produced by our own efforts.

The great leader taught that measures should be taken, before anything else, to turn out 50,000 kva turbines.

And he stressed that a heavy machine plant should be built into one producing sets of 100,000 kva turbines and generators.

Laying stress on producing metal industrial equipment, the great leader taught that we should make the equipment for blasting furnaces by ourselves and build converters.

He also emphasized that a modernly-equipped nonferrous rolling factory should be built.

The great leader said that during the new Seven-Year Plan the chemical industry should construct a synthetic rubber factory, vinyl chloride factory, sodium carbonate factory, plastic material factory, pharmaceutical factory, weed killers factory, agricultural chemicals factory, etc. and stressed that such equipment as large compressors, compounding towers, pumps and semi-conductor rectifiers should be produced in quantities.

He stressed that in order to ensure vast construction during the new Seven-Year Plan we should produce quantities of building machines to actively push ahead with the mechanization of construction. He said that the work of construction should be mechanized in all units.

The great leader said that the huge tasks envisaged in the Seven-Year Plan can be fulfilled victoriously when all the functionaries in the domain of the engineering industry join in the speed campaign in the spirit of Chollima.

He pointed to concrete ways to bring about a new great turn in the development of the engineering industry.

The great leader laid big stress, first of all, on widely introducing press work and punching in the domain of the engineering industry.

Then he stressed that for the development of the engineering industry the casting, founding and plating should be done in a concentric way and specialized and modernized and that the designing of machines be specialized and modernized.

The great leader taught that what is important in carrying out the tasks of the engineering industry during the new Seven-Year Plan is to further raise the quality of the machines.

He noted that the production of machines should be automated and modernized and stressed that new automatic machines and automatic assembly lines should be invented and introduced into production on an extensive scale.

Saying that what is important in the engineering industry and construction now is welding, the great leader taught that welding skill should be raised. And he said that precision of rolling stock should be improved and stressed on observing the rules of co-operative production.

The great leader said that the new Seven-Year Plan is a plan requiring a greater degree of the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and pointed out that the engineering industry should carry out with honour its heavy tasks to creditably justify the expectation of the Party. He stressed that the entire Party members and workers in this field should deeply realize that everything depends on them and make the engineering industry take the lead in the fulfilment of the new Seven-Year Plan.

The great leader pointed out that with a view to successfully carrying out the huge tasks of the engineering industry we should boldly set ourselves a higher target and strive to hit it, thus demonstrating to the whole world the might of our people who are advancing toward a new, higher eminence without letup.

The meeting adopted a resolution on thoroughly implementing the highly important instructions given by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung to the domain of the engineering industry and carrying out without fail the honourable tasks of the engineering industry in the fulfilment of the new Seven-Year Plan.

All the Glories and Happiness Enjoyed by the Yugoslav People Today Are Attributable Precisely to Comrade JOSIP BROZ TITO's Long Dynamic Leadership of the Yugoslav Revolution

Speech of Comrade KIM IL SUNG

At Banquet

Esteemed Comrade Josip Broz Tito,
Dear guests from Yugoslavia,
Comrades and friends,

Our people are now greeting the visit to our country of Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia and President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, as a great auspicious event of historical significance in the development of the friendly relations between Korea and Yugoslavia.

Extremely rejoiced at the reunion with our close friend Comrade President Josip Broz Tito in Pyongyang after two years' time, I warmly welcome you on behalf of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people and on my own behalf.

Comrade Josip Broz Tito, this year you have attained your 85th year and greeted the 40th anniversary of starting your activities as the leader of the Communist Party of Yugoslavia.

All of us greatly admire and are grateful to you Comrade President for your long journey to the East to come to us in spite of your advanced age.

This visit clearly shows your deep trust in and your fraternal sentiments towards us, as well as the great significance you attach to the friendship between our two countries and to our reunion.

Comrade Josip Broz Tito, you are a veteran revolutionary fighter and one of the founders of the Non-Aligned Movement.

All the milestones holding prominent places in the contemporary history of Yugoslavia are directly associated with your revolutionary activities.

In a nutshell, all the glories and happiness enjoyed by the Yugoslav people today—the victory in the anti-fascist liberation struggle during the Second World War, the achievements in socialist construction after liberation based on self-management, and the realization of equality and unity of different nations at home—are attributable precisely to your long dynamic leadership of the Yugoslav revolution.

In the whole process of leading the Yugoslav revolution you and the League of Communists of Yugoslavia have firmly maintained independence and set forth the non-aligned policy as the embodiment of an independent policy in foreign affairs.

Comrade President, we highly appreciate the great contribution you have made to the common cause of the progressive peoples of the world for peace and democracy, national independence and socialism by pursuing an independent line and policy to pave an independent road for the development of Yugoslavia.

Comrades and friends,

In the summer of 1975 we visited Yugoslavia and had an opportunity to witness the new life of the Yugoslav people, the excellent fruit of the independent policy, from which we received a deep impression.

For the historical and geographical characteristics of our country and complexity of our revolution, we put it forward as the most important problem to establish Juche and to adhere to independence from the first days when we set out on the revolutionary movement.

Under the leadership of the Party our people have been able to achieve brilliant successes in the socialist revolution, in the building of socialism and in all fields of internal and external policies by carrying through the revolutionary line of independence, self-support and self-defence with the Juche idea as their guiding principle.

Indeed, we can say proudly that ours is a new historical age when the long-cherished desire of mankind for independence is being translated into reality all over the world.

The common desire of the progressive peoples to build an independent and creative new life against all forms of oppression and exploitation is becoming a decisive factor in opposing all the oppressive forces of imperialism, colonialism and dominationism, in destroying the old order and fundamentally changing the appearance of the world.

We consider this to be a natural trend of history, and this is very gratifying.

We are convinced that following the trend of the present times in which the imperialist forces are falling into decay and ruin and the world is taking the road of independence, the long-cherished national aspiration of our people for national reunification will also be realized without fail.

The question of the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea can be solved only when the foreign troops are withdrawn from south Korea and all foreign interference is eliminated.

In this connection we must mention the fact that on the international arena the Yugoslav comrades are working actively in strong support of our people's cause for national reunification.

For this I express my profound thanks to Comrade President, the League of Communists of Yugoslavia and the Yugoslav Government and people.

The peoples have a relationship of supporting each other in their cause for independence against imperialism.

In firm unity with the peoples of the socialist countries, the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America, the progressive peoples of Europe and all peoples of the world who advocate independence, our people will in future, too, fight on vigorously to build a new society, a new world, where everyone can decide his destiny for himself, and will actively support and encourage the peoples of all countries in their struggle against imperialism, colonialism and dominationism.

Esteemed Comrade President,

The friendship and solidarity between Korea and Yugoslavia is a truly voluntary and solid one because it is based on mutual respect for independence.

Your current visit to our country and the talks between us will be an epoch-making occasion adding a new brilliant page to the history of fraternal friendship between our two Parties, two countries and two peoples.

It will also give a powerful impetus to the present trend of the international communist and working-class movements calling for independence and to the strengthening and development of the Non-Alignment.

Wishing you, Comrade President, to make yourself at home here although this is your first visit to our country, I would like to propose a toast:

To the indestructible fraternal friendship and solidarity between the Korean people and the Yugoslav people.

To the prosperity and development of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia,

To the unity of the peoples of the world advocating independence,

To the health of esteemed Comrade Josip Broz Tito,

To the health of the guests from Yugoslavia,

To the health of the diplomatic envoys of various countries and mesdames and

To the health of all comrades and friends present here.

The Name of President KIM IL SUNG Is Indissolubly Linked to Struggle of Korean People and WPK for National Liberation, Social Transformation of Your Country and Strengthening of Its Independence, for Reunification of Your People through Peaceful Means

Speech of Comrade JOSIP BROZ TITO

At Banquet

Esteemed Comrade President,
Comrades,

Allow me to thank you most cordially for the heartfelt welcome, for the friendly attention and magnificent reception that you have accorded me and my associates in your beautiful country and in its heroic capital city, as well as for the words of friendship.

We know that we would be met here in a very friendly way. However, the welcome we received yesterday from the citizens, the youth and the children of Pyongyang went far beyond our expectations by the large number of people involved as well as by the spontaneousness, the cheerfulness and the colourfulness of the reception itself. I personally and all the comrades who came with me from Yugoslavia will keep your wonderful welcome in lasting memory.

I am very happy that I have been given an opportunity to respond to the kind invitation of Comrade President Kim Il Sung to visit the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and to resume the useful exchange of views which we began in Yugoslavia.

This visit offers us a good opportunity to acquaint ourselves directly with the great achievements of friendly people of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in the socialist construction of their country.

The peoples of Yugoslavia and the people of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea have traversed a difficult and thorny road, fighting battles and suffering abnegations. It is understandable then why today both you and we love freedom and independence so much and why we are struggling for a world free of inequality, injustice, oppression and threats, for a world in which more equitable and more humane relations among peoples and nations will prevail.

Our two countries, each following its own course, are building socialism: Yugoslavia by developing the system of socialist self-management and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea by promoting the known ideas of "Juche". We, in Yugoslavia, are following with keen interest the dynamic development of friendly Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the great successes being scored by your people in the socialist construction under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea and President Kim Il Sung. We in Yugoslavia are well acquainted with the outstanding role of President Kim Il Sung in the newer history of your country. The name of President Kim Il Sung is indissolubly linked to the struggle of the Korean people and the Workers' Party of Korea for the national liberation, the social transformation of your country and the strengthening of its independence, for the reunification of your people through peaceful means. The results you have achieved along this road following the program set up by you, Comrade President, deserve our respect. By diligent work and many abnegations, you have created a prosperous from a war-devastated country.

The peoples of Yugoslavia have achieved great results in the building-up of socialism in the last three decades. During all this time our country has ranked among those countries which have had the highest rate of economic growth in the world. We have substantially raised the standard of living of our working people. We have broadly expanded the system of socialist self-management, the centre of which is the working man. The basic leading and guiding force in our society is the League of Communists of Yugoslavia. At this moment, the preparations for the XI Congress of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia are under way which is to chart a new phase in the all-round development of our society based on socialist self-management.

Comrade President,

We are a witness to complex and controversial developments in international relations. First of all, the forces struggling for the consolidation of national independence, social emancipation and for the democratization of international relations have grown considerably. The historical victories of the peoples of Vietnam, Kampuchea, Laos, Angola, Mozambique and of many other nations demonstrate the irrepressible process of the increased determination of peoples to pursue an independent, democratic and socialist development and non-alignment. All this shows that socialism, as a world process, is claiming new grounds and that it is exerting ever greater influence on the contemporary social transformation and the development of international relations.

At the same time, however, the policy of force, of pressure and of foreign interference in internal affairs of many nations is continuing. New hotbeds of crises are being created, as is now case in Africa. The arms race is intensifying, whereas the economic position of developing countries is worsening. The forces of imperialism, neo-colonialism and domination bitterly oppose the inalienable right of peoples to an independent and free development. This is also evinced by the tension in the Korean Peninsula which, unfortunately, is not waning.

All this seriously threatens peace and security in the world and calls for an even more resolute struggle of all peace-loving countries, the non-aligned in particular, and all progressive and democratic forces, for a just solution of the problems facing the international community, for a peace based on equality of peoples, freedom and social progress in every country.

The non-aligned movement has become a powerful independent international factor in the struggle against imperialism, colonialism, neocolonialism and all forms of foreign domination, for freedom, independence and equality of peoples, for the building-up of more equitable relations in the world. The independent course of action which SFR of Yugoslavia and the DPR of Korea have chosen, has enabled our two countries to find themselves in the non-aligned movement, and to continue to fight successfully for the realization of its goals.

Non-aligned countries have been able to play a prominent part in international relations because of their unity, solidarity and the strengthening of their action capability. That is why for a long time now, and especially today, increased pressure on non-aligned countries has been put to bear from various quarters. Attempts are being made to divide them on various grounds, to weaken or disunite the movement, to place it in the function of foreign interests. This is particularly evident in Africa today. Yugoslavia is unswervingly pledged for the strict respect of independence and freely opted non-aligned determination of African and other developing countries, as well as of other countries. Of particular importance today is the concerted activity of non-aligned and developing countries in the area of international economic relations, and this is in the interest of all countries, peace and international stability.

The Fifth Summit Conference of Non-

(Continued on Page 4)

(Continued from Page 1)

A grand welcoming ceremony was held at the airport.

The national anthem of the SFRY and the Patriotic Song of our country were played and a 21-gun salvo boomed. Accompanied by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, Comrade Josip Broz Tito reviewed a guard of honour of the three services of the Korean People's Army.

When the ceremony was over, cheers of "manse!" (hurrah) burst out again.

Representatives of all circles—workers, peasants, youth and students, etc.—presented bouquets of fragrant flowers one after another to the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

Comrade Josip Broz Tito, in company with the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, walked past the welcomers acknowledging their rousing cheers, got into a car and headed for the city.

A hearty welcome started at Sunan, an outlying town, and rose to a crescendo in different places all along the route.

Set up with due respect in the streets of the city were portraits of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the SFRY and a close friend of our people, and large pictures showing a scene of firm handshake between the two leaders. National flags of the two countries and slogans were visible. The thoroughfares were splendidly bedecked with placards reading: "Welcome, Tito", "Korea-Yugoslavia" and "Solidarity" and the float bearing the national emblems of the two countries and other colourful decorations.

Seen along the route extending scores of *ri* were hundreds of thousands of gaily dressed working people carrying bundles of flowers and flags of the two countries. They were all filled with the joy of meeting the guests and with the feeling of friendship and the desire for unity. The song of friendship and solidarity between the two Parties, two countries and two peoples of Korea and Yugoslavia echoed far and wide—the friendship and solidarity which was formed through the anti-imperialist, anti-fascist armed struggle and which is strengthening and developing under the banner of independence.

Tumultuous cheers of "manse!" rose in the streets when the car carrying the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito, the outstanding leader of the Yugoslav people, appeared.

When the car reached the entrance to Ryonmot-dong where stands an arch of honour, the crowd lining the route extended an ever more enthusiastic welcome to the guests.

Whenever the motorcade passed by, the people of all walks of life, overwhelmed with emotion and joy, enthusiastically welcomed the guests, waving bundles of bouquets, shouting "manse!" singing and dancing. And bunches of fragrant flowers were presented to the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Comrade Josip Broz Tito in various places along their way.

On the route a ceremony of the Juvenile Corps took place in honour of Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

The welcome reached its zenith at the Kim Il Sung Square.

Thousands of artists and people in their graceful Korean costume accorded a fervent welcome to Comrade Josip Broz Tito, singing songs of friendship and solidarity and dancing the parasol and fan dances.

When the open car arrived at the square, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung got off the car together with Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

The strains of the welcome music resounded, the cheers of "manse!" burst forth and a wave of flowers rolled endlessly at the square.

Chairman Kang Hui Won of the Pyongyang City Administrative Committee, together with Heroes of the Republic, presented a statuette of an anti-imperialist fighter to Comrade Josip Broz Tito who has guided the struggle of the Yugoslav people for freedom and liberation and for the building of a new society along the right path and is conducting energetic activities for the sake of the common cause of the world progressive people.

Then artists presented an ornamental silver sword to Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

Comrade Josip Broz Tito accepted the silver sword, a symbol of the guardian of happiness and safety, which would be given to sons and daughters by their parents when they got married, from ancient times in Korea. He expressed thanks for having received the statuette of an anti-imperialist fighter and the traditional precious souvenir.

The welcoming crowds, waving the flags of Korea and Yugoslavia and bundles of bouquets, warmly congratulated Comrade Josip Broz Tito on his acceptance of the statuette and the silver sword.

At the Kim Il Sung Square the welcoming multitudes raised enthusiastic cheers until the open car carrying the great leader and Comrade Josip Broz Tito went out of sight passing by the bank of the Taedong-gang River.

Courtesy Call

Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the LCY and President of the SFRY, paid on August 25 a courtesy call on the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK.

Present on the occasion was Stane Dolanc, Secretary of the Executive Committee of the Presidency of the CC of the LCY.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a talk with Comrade Josip Broz Tito in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Welcome Banquet

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung arranged a grand banquet on the evening of August 25 at the Kumsusan Assembly Hall in honour of Comrade Josip Broz Tito.

Invited to the banquet were Comrade Josip Broz Tito and his entourage, the suite and reporters.

Present there were cadres of our country.

Invited to the banquet were staffers of the SFRY Embassy and foreign diplomatic envoys in Pyongyang and their wives.

Also invited were Humberto Ortiz Flores, Director of the "Voluntad" Publishing House of Ecuador, and foreign journalists who were staying in our country.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung made a speech at the banquet.

A speech was also made by Comrade Josip Broz Tito, the outstanding leader of the Yugoslav people.

The banquet proceeded in a cordial atmosphere overflowing with the sentiments of comradely friendship.

At the banquet an art performance was given by artists of the Mansudae Art Troupe.

Talks

Talks between the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, and Comrade Josip Broz Tito, President of the LCY and President of the SFRY, were held in Pyongyang on August 25.

Present at the talks on our side were Comrades Pak Sung Chul, Kim Dong Gyu, Kim Yong Nam, Ho Dam, Chong Jun Gi and Kye Ung Tae and personages concerned Kim Ik Hyon, Li Jong Mok, Kim Gil Hyon and Chong Gwang Sun, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the DPRK to the SFRY.

Present on the Yugoslav side were Stane Dolanc, Secretary of the Executive Committee of the Presidency of the CC of the LCY; Veljko Milatovic, President of the Presidency of the Socialist Repu-

(Continued on Page 4)

At Kim Il Sung Square the Chairman of the Pyongyang City Administrative Committee, together with Heroes of the Republic, presents a statuette of an anti-imperialist fighter to Comrade Josip Broz Tito and then artists present an ornamental silver sword to him

Working people in Pyongyang accord a fervent welcome to the goodwill mission of the Yugoslav people

The Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Foreign Guests

Hungarian Foreign Minister

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on August 20 received Comrade Frigyes Pujo, Foreign Minister of the Hungarian People's Republic, on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were the entourage of Comrade Frigyes Pujo and Szabo Ferenc, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the HPR to our country.

Comrade Ho Dam, Vice-Premier of the Administration Council and Foreign Minister, and Kim Jae Suk, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of our country to the HPR, were on hand.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a talk with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Director of Voluntad Publishing House of Ecuador and His Family

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, together with his wife, received on August 21 Humberto Ortiz Flores, Director of the Voluntad Publishing House of Ecuador, and his family.

He had a talk with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

On the occasion Humberto Ortiz Flores presented to the great leader a gift he and his family had prepared with best wishes for him.

He posed for a photograph with them.

On the same day, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, together with his wife, arranged a luncheon for the guests.

The luncheon proceeded in a cordial atmosphere.

Comrade HUA KUO-FENG

Chairman
C.C., Communist Party of China

Peking

I extend warmest congratulations to you in the name of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean people and in my personal name on your reelection as Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China in accordance with the unanimous desire and will of all the members of the Communist Party of China and the Chinese people.

You have rendered great services to achieving the stability and unity of the country, upholding the behests of Comrade Mao Tsetung and leading the whole Party to brilliantly implement his revolutionary line and policies.

Your reelection at the recent congress as Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China is an expression of the high respect of the Communist Party of China and the Chinese people for and their full trust in you and a manifestation of their firm determination to staunchly fight for the victory of the cause of socialism, upholding your leadership.

The 11th National Congress of your Party was a new milestone in the history of the Communist Party of China and the Chinese people and a congress of unity, a congress of victory, which further consolidated and developed the great political and organizational success achieved in smashing the anti-Party "gang of four", united more firmly the entire Party members and people around the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China headed by you and demonstrated the invincible militant might of the Communist Party of China.

I warmly congratulate the National Congress of your Party, which was held amid the great expectation and interest of all the members of your Party and the people of your country, on the successful conclusion of its work.

The Communist Party of China founded by Comrade Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese people, as the vanguard detachment of the working class of China, frustrated the repeated manoeuvres of the class enemies at home and abroad at every step and achieved the shining victory of the Chinese revolution by leading the Chinese people and founded the People's Republic of China, the first state of dictatorship of the proletariat, and markedly raised her international prestige.

The Communist Party of China and the valiant Chinese people have turned the old China, where backwardness and poverty had prevailed, into a new socialist China with strong economic might and powerful defence capability by giving full play to the revolutionary spirit of independence and sovereignty, self-reliance and, in particular, further strengthened the unity of the Party and the dictatorship of the proletariat by vigorously waging the struggle to realize the line and militant tasks set forth by the 10th National Congress of the Party.

Today the fraternal Chinese people under the far-sighted leadership of their wise leader Comrade Hua Kuo-feng smashed the "gang of four", successfully concluded the great proletarian cultural revolution and are bringing about a new high tide on all fronts of the socialist revolution and socialist construction.

I am firmly convinced that the fraternal Communist Party of China and Chinese people, upholding the line and militant tasks set forth at the recent National Congress of the Party, will achieve new victory in the struggle to attain the grand goal of stabilizing the country and building China into a modern socialist power within the present century by continuously implementing Comrade Mao Tsetung's line of proletarian revolution.

Our two countries are close neighbours and the Parties and peoples of Korea and China are revolutionary comrades-in-arms and brothers who fought shoulder to shoulder in the protracted struggle against the common enemies.

Believing that the traditional relations of fraternal friendship and cooperation between the Parties and peoples of our two countries will grow stronger and develop in the joint struggle against imperialism and for the final victory of the cause of socialism in the future, I heartily wish you still greater success in your responsible work.

KIM IL SUNG

General Secretary
C.C., Workers' Party of Korea

Pyongyang, August 21, 1977

To the World Conference for Action against Apartheid

Lagos

I send warm congratulations and greetings to the World Conference for Action against Apartheid on behalf of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people and on my own.

The World Conference for Action against Apartheid has an important significance in accomplishing the common cause for eliminating the racist regimes of southern Africa and completely clearing imperialism, colonialism and racism of this continent.

Today the imperialists are making all desperate efforts to prop up at any cost the racist regimes of South Africa and Rhodesia as their last stronghold for maintaining the colonial domination in Africa.

The Korean people resolutely condemn the imperialists and racists for their plots and machinations against the southern African peoples and send firm solidarity for the just struggle of the peoples of Zimbabwe, Namibia and Azania who have risen in arms for the complete liberation of southern Africa.

Convinced that the current Conference will contribute to the just cause of the peoples of this continent against imperialism, colonialism and racism and for achieving the complete liberation of Africa, I heartily wish the Conference great successes in its work.

KIM IL SUNG

President
Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Pyongyang, August 14, 1977

TELEGRAMS

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Pak Sung Chul**, Premier of the Administration Council, sent a message of greetings to Comrade **Nicolae Ceausescu**, General Secretary of the Romanian Communist Party and President of the Romanian Socialist Republic, and Comrade **Manea Manescu**, Premier of the Government of the RSR, on the occasion of the 33rd anniversary of Romania's liberation, the national holiday of the Romanian people.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **El Hadj Omar Bongo**, President of the Republic of Gabon, on the occasion of the 17th anniversary of the independence of Gabon.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, sent a message of greetings to **Soeharto**, President of the Republic of Indonesia, on the 32nd anniversary of Indonesia's independence.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, and Comrade **Pak Sung Chul**, Premier of the Administration Council, received a message from Comrade **Edward Gierek**, First Secretary of the CC of the Polish United Workers' Party, Comrade **Henryk Jablonski**, President of the State Council of the Polish People's Republic, and Comrade **Piotr Jaroszewicz**, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the PPR, in reply to their message of greetings sent to the latter on the 33rd anniversary of the resurrection of Poland.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, received a message from **Didier Ratsiraka**, President of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar, in reply to his message of greetings sent on the occasion of the 17th anniversary of the independence of Madagascar.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, received a message from **Mohamed Siad Barre**, General Secretary of the CC of the Somali Revolutionary Socialist Party and President of the Somali Democratic Republic, in reply to his message of greetings sent on the occasion of the 17th anniversary of the independence of Somalia and the first anniversary of the founding of the SRSP.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, and Comrade **Pak Sung Chul**, Premier of the Administration Council, received a message from **Linden Forbes Sampson Burnham**, Prime Minister of the Cooperative Republic of Guyana, in reply to their message of greetings sent to CRG President Arthur Chung and the Prime Minister of CRG on the 11th anniversary of the independence of Guyana.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, received a message from **Francisco Morales Bermudez Cerrutti**, President of the Republic of Peru, in reply to his message of greetings sent on the occasion of the independence day of Peru.

✦ The great leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the DPRK, received a message from **Benjamin Henry Sheares**, President of the Republic of Singapore, in reply to his message of greetings sent on the national day of the RS.

Comrade Tito's Speech

(Continued from Page 3)

Aligned Countries has manifested once again the strength of our movement and the resolve of non-aligned countries to resist all pressures and to persist in their rightful demands. That is why the decisions taken at the Colombo Conference are of paramount international importance. The Conference has shown that the non-aligned movement is an irreplaceable international factor without the active participation of which it is impossible to find just and lasting solutions for outstanding international problems.

We are particularly pleased that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has for the first time participated in the Conference in the capacity of a full-fledged member. By its activity in the non-aligned movement, your country has even further asserted its independent policy. This will, no doubt, significantly contribute also to exploring ways and means of having the Korean people realize their great aspiration—the reunification of their country in a peaceful manner and without foreign interference. We are deeply convinced that this aspiration will come to fruition. The Korean people can count also in the future on the support of all peace-loving and progressive forces in the world, and, in particular, of the non-aligned countries, which are aware that this is in the interest of peace. The Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia will support, just as it has done so far, the efforts of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in the realization of this goal.

Esteemed Comrade President,
Comrades,

I am confident that I express our common satisfaction that the relations and the co-operation between our two socialist and non-aligned countries have been successfully developing from year to year. Encounters and the exchange of representatives of our two countries and Parties are becoming more frequent. **The official friendly visit which Comrade Kim Il Sung paid to Yugoslavia, and which we still cherish in our memory, constitutes a lasting contribution to the promotion of our relations and co-operation. I should like particularly to single out the successful co-operation between the League of Communists of Yugoslavia and the Workers' Party of Korea.**

It is understood that this promotion of relations between our countries and Parties is possible owing to the fact that they are being developed on the principles of independence, sovereignty, equality, non-interference in internal affairs and mutual respect. These principles, as well as the principles of independence of parties and movements and their responsibility to their own working class and people, are a lasting basis for relations among all countries, Communist and workers' parties, and all progressive and democratic parties and movements. Only the consistent respect for these principles can ensure the strengthening of international co-operation and solidarity in the struggle for peace, security, democracy, social progress and socialism in the world.

I am confident that our talks will be useful for further successful development and consolidation of co-operation between our two countries and Parties in all domains, which is in the interest not only of our peoples but other peoples as well. All the talks which we have had so far have shown that there is much in common in our standpoints.

In the conviction that this visit will further deepen our friendly relations and co-operation, allow me to raise this toast to the health of esteemed President Kim Il Sung, to the health of all comrades present here, for new successes of the Korean people in the socialist construction of their country, for the consolidation of friendship between the Yugoslav and Korean peoples, for the strengthening of peace and equitable international cooperation.

(Continued from Page 3)

blic of Montenegro; Milos Minic, Vice-President of the Federal Executive Council and Federal Secretary for Foreign Affairs of the SFRY; Aleksandar Grlickov, Secretary of the Executive Committee of the Presidency of the CC of the LCY; Emil Ludviger, Member of the Federal Executive Council and Federal Secretary for Foreign Trade of the SFRY; Tode Vardziski, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the SFRY to the DPRK; Berislav Badurina, Chief of the Presidential Office of the Republic; Dusan Vujatovic, Deputy Federal Secretary for National Defence; Vladislav Obradovic, Director of the International Department of the LCY Central Committee Presidency; Blazo Mandic, Press Adviser to the President of the Republic; Milivoje Maksic, Foreign Policy Adviser to the President of the Republic; Radmilo Trojanovic, Private Secretary to the President of the Republic; Dusan Gaspari, Department Director of the Federal Secretariat for Foreign Affairs; and Borislav Milosevic, Deputy Director of the International Department of the LCY Central Committee Presidency.

At the talks the two sides informed each other of the situation of their respective countries and exchanged views on further strengthening the friendly and cooperative relations between the Parties, governments and peoples of Korea and Yugoslavia, developing the non-aligned movement still further and other international problems of common concern and a series of other problems.

The talks proceeded in a comradely, sincere and friendly atmosphere.

Wreath Laid at the Foot of Monument to Fallen Fighters of the People's Army

Comrade Josip Broz Tito laid a wreath at the foot of the Monument to Fallen Fighters of the People's Army on the morning of August 25.

Present at the wreath-laying ceremony were Comrade Josip Broz Tito's entourage and the suite and staff members of the SFRY Embassy in Pyongyang.

Also on hand were cadres of our country.

A guard of honour of the Korean People's Army lined up before the monument.

After the Patriotic Song of our country and the national anthem of the SFRY were played, Comrade Josip Broz Tito laid a wreath at the foot of the monument to the strains of the wreath-laying music.

Comrade Josip Broz Tito observed a moment's silence in memory of the KPA officers and men who died heroic deaths while bravely fighting during the just Fatherland Liberation War against the barbarous armed invasion of US imperialism and in defence of the country's freedom and independence.

The ribbon of the wreath was inscribed with the words "Josip Broz Tito, President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia".

After laying the wreath, Comrade Josip Broz Tito went around to see the monument.

In France

Collection of Documents and Materials "The World Conference for the Peaceful Reunification of Korea" Published

The Alfred Eibel Publishing House in France recently put out **"The World Conference for the Peaceful Reunification of Korea** (February 21-22, 1977. Brussels)", a collection of documents and materials on the World Conference for the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea which was held in Brussels, Belgium, in February, according to a report.

The collection carries part three **"For the South Korean Revolution and the Reunification of Our Country"** of the immortal classic work of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung **"Report to the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea on the Work of the Central Committee".**

Also contained in the collection are materials introducing the programme of the Conference, reports and speeches and a resolution.

Printed in the collection as a supplement are materials on the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung's meeting with heads of state and delegations of foreign countries and messages of greetings sent to him from heads of state of foreign countries.

Included in the supplement are materials introducing the three principles of national reunification laid down by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and the four-point national salvation proposal set forth at the joint meeting of political parties and public organizations of our country on January 25, 1977.

(KCNA)

In Tokyo

"Committee of International Solidarity for Democratization of S. Korea" Inaugurated

An inaugural meeting of the "Committee of International Solidarity for the Democratization of South Korea" was held in Tokyo on August 14 to further strengthen the movement of international support and solidarity for the struggle of the south Korean people for democracy.

Forming this solidarity committee was discussed at the "Emergency International Meeting on the South Korean Problem" held in Tokyo in August last year and then at the "International Conference for a New Direction in US-Korean Policy" held in New York in April this year. This committee has been formally inaugurated as a reflection of the trend of the times when the international movement for support to the south Korean people struggling for democracy has gained further momentum.

Attending the meeting were Aochi Shin, representative of the "Japan Liaison Council for Solidarity with the South Korean People"; writer Oda Makoto; Sinmura Takeshi, representative of the Committee of United Action against Atomic and Hydrogen Bombs; and other Japanese figures; Mark Seldon, professor of Washington University; Gunter Freudenberg, professor of Osnabruck University of West Germany; Mohideen Abdal Kundar, member of the Central Committee of the People's Socialist Party of Malaysia; and other prominent scholars and public figures as well as Rim Chang Yong, Senior Chairman of the "Union of Overseas Koreans for Democracy and National Reunification", and other delegates of Korean nationals organizations waging the movement for the democratization of south Korean society abroad.

The formal inauguration of the "Committee of International Solidarity for the Democratization of South Korea" with Aochi Shin as its Chairman and Oda Makoto as its General Director was declared at the meeting.

It was decided at the meeting that solidarity movements in various countries will exchange informations on south Korea and, on this basis, further strengthen and develop the movement on a right track with a view to promoting the democratization of south Korean society and the reunification of Korea.

It was also discussed at the meeting that the solidarity committee will regularly publish information bulletin on international solidarity "We".

The meeting was followed by an "International Seminar on the South Korean Problem".

It heard passionate speeches made on the struggle for democracy in south Korea and the present situation of the solidarity movement and its prospects, the analysis and examination of the present political and economic situation in south Korea and the prospects of Korean reunification and other matters concerned.

(KCNA)

Victory Belongs To Namibian People

August 26 is the "day of international solidarity with the Namibian people".

On this occasion, the Korean people extend militant greetings to the patriotic combatants and people of Namibia who are valiantly fighting with arms in their hands against imperialism, colonialism and racism and for the liberation and independence of their country.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"As long as imperialism plunders and oppresses small and weak nations by force, it remains an inalienable right of the oppressed nations to rise up in arms and fight against the aggressors."

In August 1966 the Namibian people started an armed struggle against the South African racist occupationists under the leadership of the South West Africa People's Organization.

The start of the armed struggle in Namibia was an epochal event in developing the Namibian people's struggle for freedom and liberation onto a new higher stage.

The patriotic fighters of Namibia are inflicting heavy military and political blows on the South African racist clique by conducting energetic guerrilla activities in all parts of the country.

The guerrillas of the South West Africa People's Organization are continuing to expand their ranks qualitatively and quantitatively in the flames of the arduous struggle and striving persistently to hasten the glorious day of national liberation.

Scared by the powerful advance of the Namibian people, the South African racist clique are intensifying the brutal suppression against them at the instigation of the imperialists and resorting to cunning machinations under the hypocritical slogan of "independence".

From August last year they convened the Windhoek "Constitutional Assembly" a number of times, at which they tried to placate Namibian people's struggle with such cajolery that they would give them independence by the end of 1978 and establish a "transitional government" by a "national referendum"; furthermore, they have sought to divide Namibia into several "states", pit them against each other and destroy them one by one according to the imperialist dogma "divide and rule" and enforce the neo-colonialist rule through the medium of their on-the-spot puppets.

With no humbuggery, however, can the Vorster racist clique bar the road ahead of the Namibian people who are up in the just struggle or save their already-sealed fate.

For its justness the struggle of the Namibian people enlists a unanimous support of the peoples the world over.

The Korean people trenchantly condemn the South African racist clique for their racial discrimination and atrocious suppression in Namibia and strongly demand that they give up the plot for establishment of a puppet regime and all other crafty manoeuvrings and withdraw without delay from the illegally-occupied land of Namibia.

It is a rule of history that imperialism falls and the struggle of the people triumphs. Victory is in store for the Namibian people who turned out in a just struggle.

Cho Son Won

Friendship Visits

☆ A government trade delegation of the People's Republic of Bangladesh headed by Chandhury Aminul Haque, Joint Secretary of the PRB Ministry of Commerce, visited our country from August 9 to 13.

☆ A delegation of the "Society for the Study of the Juche Idea" of Japanese teachers led by Komine Yuzo, Representative Secretary of the "Liaison Council of Societies for the Study of the Juche Idea" of Japanese teachers paid a visit to our country from July 30 to August 16.

The delegation of instructors of the Syrian Baath Juvenile Vanguard visits the Pyongyang Students and Children's Palace

World Council of Peace Appeals for Solidarity with Non-Aligned Movement

According to a report, the World Council of Peace appealed to the world public circles on August 12 to fix the period from August 16 to 21 as a week for solidarity with the non-aligned movement.

The World Council of Peace called upon the peace movements of all countries to organize during the period mass activities against imperialism and its conspirators and imperialist economic aggression and in support of the struggle of the Non-Alignment.

(KCNA)

Solidarity and Cooperation

☆ The Aleppo Provincial branch of the Syrian Arab-Korea Friendship Association was formed in Aleppo in north Syria on August 9.

★ The Pyongyang City Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea had a friendship soiree with the delegation of instructors of the Syrian Baath Juvenile Vanguard at the indoor stadium of the Pyongyang Students and Children's Palace on August 16.

★ The Korean Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries and the Korea-India Friendship Association held a film show at the Chollima House of Culture on August 13 in honour of the 30th anniversary of India's independence.

★ An exhibition of national industrial art objects of Soviet Russia opened at the Korean Art Gallery on August 19 under the cosponsorship of the Korean Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries and the Central Committee of the Korea-Soviet Friendship Society.

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